

Privacy and Identity

Werkconferentie Nijmegen

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Dimensions of privacy



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Privacy has many interacting dimensions, such as:

- ▶ **Legal:** what are the rules?
- ▶ **Ethical:** what do we see as right or wrong?
- ▶ **Technical:** how does privacy protection work (or fail)?



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- ▶ it's **value-driven design**, connecting principles and solutions
- ▶ relevant values: **self-sovereignty**, **transparency**, **independence**
- ▶ catch-phrase: **contextual authentication**
- ▶ governance is a interesting & challenging issue in itself



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 - recall anger: about selling customer financial data (ING), about speeding data ending up at the police (TomTom), about school children's performances in online tests ending up at publishers







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- ▶ When explained like this, almost **everybody** cares about privacy
- ▶ The Google's and Facebook's of this world make us use the **same identifier** everywhere or track us via **Like**  and **cookies**
 - they break-up contexts, and destroy our basic privacy intuitions
 - Mark Zuckerberg: "Having two identities for yourself is a lack of integrity"   



Identity Management (IdM)



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IdM is an area of computer security dealing with o.a.

- ▶ **Technicalities** of identification, authentication, authorisation
- ▶ **Personalisation**, service adjustment to individual preferences
- ▶ **Provisioning**, *i.e.* automatic propagation of changes in identity data, esp. enroll, update, suspend, restore, remove
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Challenge: self-sovereignty in a data-driven world



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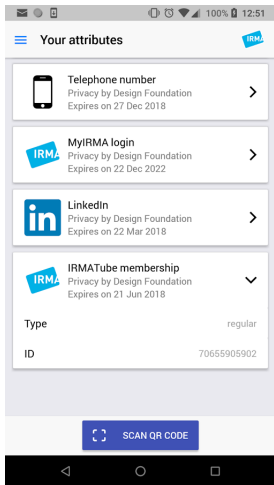
Experience: business-based solutions are not sufficiently trusted to become universal; they put too much emphasis on the privatisation of information and the modeling of users as consumers



IRMA basics: reveal only relevant attributes



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Authentication essentials:

- ▶ attributes instead of identities
- ▶ collected by user him/herself
- ▶ attributes are reliable (digitally signed by source)
- ▶ IRMA is free & open source
- ▶ decentralised architecture: attributes only on users own phone

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- ▶ **2008 – now:** scientific research project at Radboud University
 - active research line on attribute-based authentication (via Idemix)
 - 3 PhD theses so far, postdocs too, many publications
 - financial support from: NLnet, Translink, BZK, NWO, KPN
 - prototype implementations on:
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 - ▶ smart phone — for Android only
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 - <https://privacybydesign.foundation> set up in fall 2016
 - foundation runs infrastructure, and **issues** attributes
 - eg. from: iDIN (banks), SURFconext (academia), BIG (health)
 - both Android and iOS apps, with common code-base in **Go**
 - attribute **verification** pilots are emerging
 - attribute-based **signatures** will be added soon



Centralised versus decentralised, schematically



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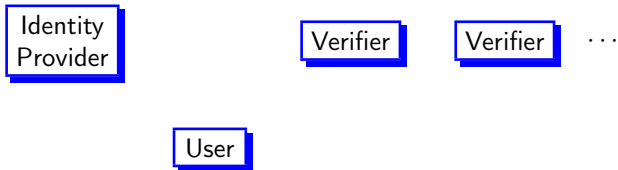
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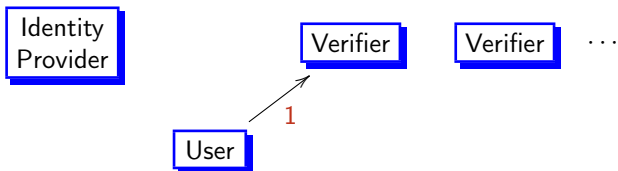


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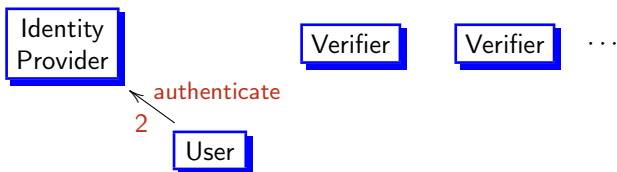
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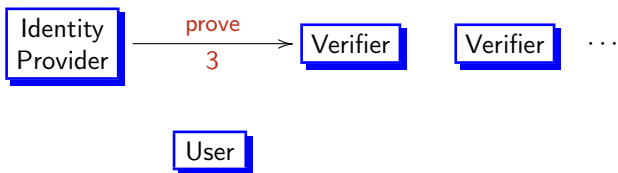
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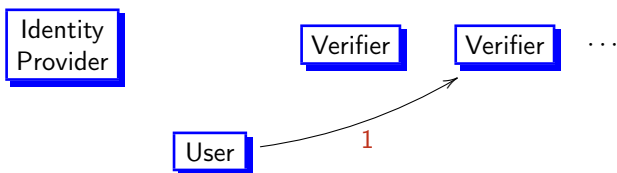


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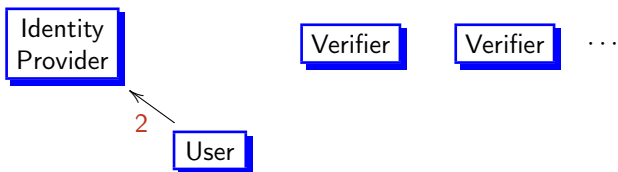


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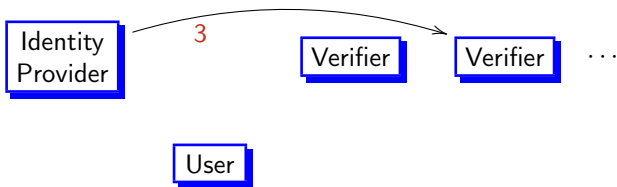
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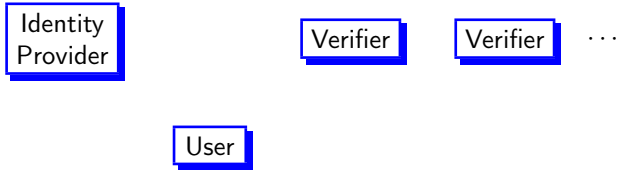


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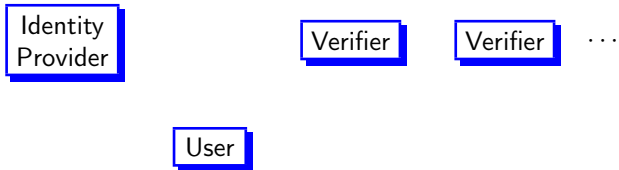


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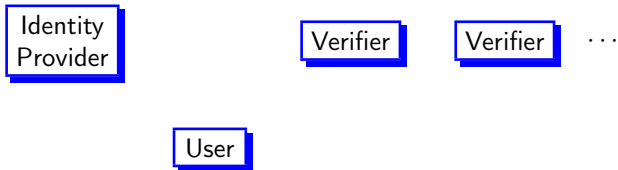


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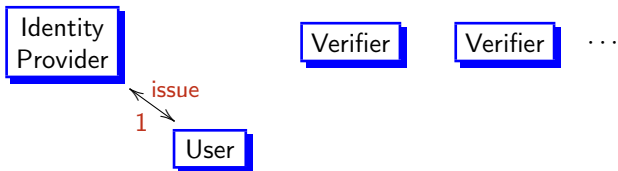


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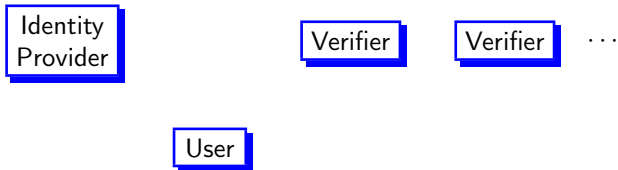


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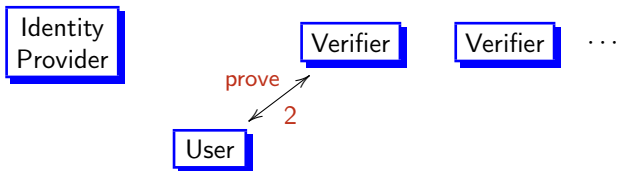


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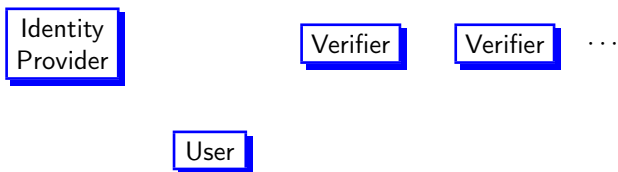


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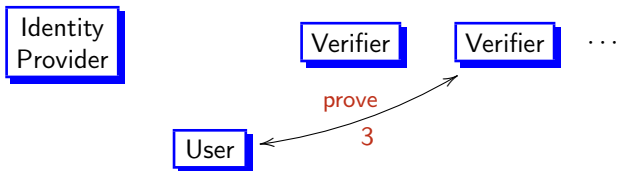


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 - ▶ The choice of authentication architecture is extremely sensitive
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